

and see for himself the condition of
defenses of the Confederacy in the

was received everywhere in
tations of the people, and made

boro, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Mobile, and, on his return, at amount of twaddle was indulged in, press, deceiving the people no part, about the desperate situation," the visit of Jeff. Davis to "courage," and more of the same *Times*, however, an Abolition daily pretty candid, unless a campaign, with shrewd forebodings at our own Administration, speeches as "crashingly truthful." Subsequent events have indeed "crashingly truthfully."

He thus refers to the prospect

its original purpose:

"The war which, in its inception, broke into the Union, having failed, passed into a second stage, in which power and rule these States as independent in this second stage, our independence upon another, which can have no end and thirst for blood and plunder of."

This is absolutely true, andatory any more than Mr. Lincoln argues, with his usual force, the various questions of public right and the world.

I. The right of secession.

- II. The neutrality of Europe.
- III. The rights of neutrals.
- IV. The illegality of paper blockading.
- V. Napoleon's mediation.
- VI. The barbarities of the war.
- VII. The Emancipation Proclamation.
- VIII. The financial question.
- IX. The operations of the war.
- X. Increase of prosperity.

All these questions Mr. Dr. summarize skill. In treating of the high seas, he exposes the national store of England have no space now to dwell just being to call attention graph, and ask that careful a known truthfulness warrants.

"To the unity and self-interest played is one the success which test, and has brought our country present time as the most suc-

tures predict at the commencement of the war, that the victors will be armed and equipped than at any previous time of the whole nation, developments in this war, have accomplished our trials have, by a beneficial effect, into blessing.

But, from the interruption of the world, the proclamation by the divine voice, "Can you crown our forces with the powers of crimes opened and closed war. Our means, the caves yield, and the manufacture of powder, and grain, from our own foundries and our own factories and workshops, we defile, and waste materials, the produce of our industry, and the wealth of our country, extended so profusely in the annual

These are the facts, and they are not to be denied. The fact is that the American people are not yet fully aware of the extent of the problem. The fact is that the American people are not yet fully aware of the extent of the problem. The fact is that the American people are not yet fully aware of the extent of the problem.

shows, that the present Administration is preserving honesty in the victory in the field.

Of the Emancipation Proclamation fully speaks:

"In its political aspects this measure, and to it in this light, I have to our whole people the complete truth nature of the decline of the power the present occupants of Washington, and which sought to variety of awful device, and by its agents and repeated pledges on every

The People of the

fail to resolve this proclamation as their own agency in foreseeing that party in the United States is to apply their power, nor can they devout thankfulness that it is to give the first steady progress of the one they call on to counsel, and are, in effect, an intimation to them that they must prepare to submit to inevitable; for that people are to wait a restoration of the Union has possible by the adoption of a measure, neither admit of retrocession, nor of any other course.

appalling atrocities which are the sanction of those who have been the authors of the same. States

of the people. For many a by-word of men. Not even the natural instinct should make us, however, so whole mass of the people, who are that now rising with unbridled in- tention, a willing acquiescence in the natural necessity exist among our such atrocities, but who cannot a majority, whose humane recoils while permitting their conscious oppression."¹⁰

None of the great benefits of Emancipation Proclamation. The slaves have not risen a throat, as the Abolitionists

effort of the slaves to free
weakened the Confederate ar-
as to make victory certain.
not risen, but it has been thro
God and not from the desir
contrary. He issued his inco
inviting them to strike for
remained faithfully with the
they have been driven awa
bayonet by Federal troops.
Another grand effect of this

Union was to frighten the South into quaking in their knees. This has not been realized. Many white children may quake upon the knees of their protectors, while their protectors are afraid that they must put their trust in the hands of house servants to protect them just as much right to declare themselves as the South as the blacks. One is as much a man as the other. Who but a rascal would

Union can be restored by such

Movements of Ocean Liners

TO DEPART

Steamships.	Leaves.
Africa.	New York.
British Queen.	New York.
Eagle.	New York.
Arctia.	Boston.
Edinburg.	New York.
Saxonia.	New York.
Australasia.	New York.
City of Manchester.	New York.

TO ARRIVE

Continued.

Norwegian	.....	Southampton
Hansa	.....	Southampton
City of Manchester	.....	Liverpool
.....	.....	Liverpool
Europa	.....	Liverpool
Russia	.....	Southampton
.....	.....	Liverpool
.....	.....	Liverpool
Atlas	.....	Liverpool

Receipts of

JAN. 31.—6,607 bbls. Flour, 425
 Whisky, 9,277 bush. Oats, 2,042 p
 Lard, 1,524 lbs. Ashes, 494 ds. Oil No